

Langmuir 2011 vol.27 N12, pages 7708-7713

Interfacing multicellular organisms with polyelectrolyte shells and nanoparticles: A caenorhabditis elegans study

Minullina R., Osin Y., Ishmuchametova D., Fakhrullin R.
Kazan Federal University, 420008, Kremlevskaya 18, Kazan, Russia

Abstract

We report the surface modification of microscopic live multicellular nematodes *Caenorhabditis elegans* with polyelectrolyte multilayers (pure and doped with 20 nm gold nanoparticles) and the direct magnetic functionalization of nematodes with biocompatible magnetic nanoparticles. Magnetically functionalized "ironoxideclad" nematodes can be effectively separated and moved using an external magnetic field. The surface-functionalized nematodes preserve their viability and reproduction. © 2011 American Chemical Society.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/la2006869>
